

Picosecond Pulse Propagation on Coplanar Striplines Fabricated on Lossy Semiconductor Substrates: Modeling and Experiments

J.-H. Son, H.-H. Wang, J.F. Whitaker and G.A. Mourou. "Picosecond Pulse Propagation on Coplanar Striplines Fabricated on Lossy Semiconductor Substrates: Modeling and Experiments." 1993 Transactions on Microwave Theory and Techniques 41.8 (Sep. 1993 [T-MTT] (Special Issue on Modeling and Design of Coplanar Monolithic Microwave and Millimeter-Wave Integrated Circuits)): 1574-1580.

A simple model for the propagation of high-frequency signals on coplanar striplines with lossy semiconductor substrates is proposed and demonstrated. This model incorporates the effect of a conductive substrate through the loss tangent in a distributed-circuit analysis extended to high frequencies. Very strong attenuation and dispersion due to the substrate are observed even when the GaAs conductance is only 1 mho/cm, corresponding to a doping density of around 10^{15} cm⁻³. The accuracy of this model is tested with a direct comparison to experimental data, of picosecond pulse propagation on a doped-GaAs coplanar stripline (CPS) measured in the time domain using the electro-optic (EO) sampling technique. Good agreement is found in terms of the attenuation and phase velocity of the distorted pulses at four propagation distances up to 300 μ m. The pulse propagation on a multiple modulation-doped layer is also studied experimentally as a prototype of high-frequency signal propagation on the gate of a modulation-doped field-effect transistor (MODFET). The attenuation shows linear frequency dependence up to 1.0 THz, contrary to the cubic or quadratic dependence of coplanar transmission lines on low-loss substrates.

 [Return to main document.](#)